



Alan C. Lloyd, Ph.D.  
Agency Secretary  
Cal/EPA



## Department of Toxic Substances Control

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ALAMEDA POINT  
SSIC NO. 5090.3.A



Arnold Schwarzenegger  
Governor

June 17, 2005

Mr. Thomas L. Macchiarella  
Southwest Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command  
Attn: Code 06CA.TM  
1220 Pacific Highway  
San Diego, CA 92132-5190

### **DRAFT WORKPLAN FOR REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT, ALAMEDA POINT SITE 31, ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA**

Dear Mr. Macchiarella:

The Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) has reviewed the above referenced document dated April 11, 2005. Enclosed are our comments prepared by the Geological Services Unit (GSU). Please contact me at 510-540-3767 or [mliao@dtsc.ca.gov](mailto:mliao@dtsc.ca.gov) if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

*Marcia G. Liao*

Marcia Liao  
Remedial Project Manager  
Office of Military Facilities

Enclosure

Cc: Greg Lorton, SWDiv  
Darren Newton, SWDiv  
Anna-Marie Cook, EPA  
Judy Huang, RWQCB  
Elizabeth Johnson, City of Alameda  
Peter Russel, Russell Resources  
Jean Sweeney, RAB Co-Chair  
Lea Loizos, Arc Ecology



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## Department of Toxic Substances Control

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8800 Cal Center Drive  
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### MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Marcia Liao, Project Manager  
Office of Military Facilities  
700 Heinz Avenue, Suite 200  
Berkeley, California 94710

**FROM:** Michelle Dalrymple, PG  
Engineering Geologist  
Geologic Services Unit

**REVIEWED**

**BY:** Stewart W. Black, PG  
Senior Engineering Geologist  
Geologic Services Unit

**DATE:** June 14, 2005

**SUBJECT: REVIEW OF THE DRAFT WORK PLAN FOR REMEDIAL  
INVESTIGATION AT IR SITE 31, ALAMEDA POINT, ALAMEDA,  
CALIFORNIA, DATED 11 APRIL 2005**

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### ACTIVITY REQUESTED

Per your request, the Northern California Geological Services Unit (GSU) has reviewed the *Draft Work Plan for Remedial Investigation at IR Site 31, Alameda Point, Alameda, California* dated April 11, 2005 (DWP). The DWP was prepared by CDM Federal Programs Corporation (CDM) for the U.S. Department of the Navy (Navy), Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Southwest Division. GSU has reviewed the DWP with respect to the technical adequacy and completeness of the approach proposed to characterize the nature and extent of contamination. Review activities consisted of reading the document and reviewing the file for background issues.

### PROJECT SUMMARY

The purpose of the DWP is to present the planned approach to conducting a remedial investigation (RI) at IR Site 31. The objective of the RI is to collect and evaluate data to support remedial decisions. The specific objectives of the RI are to:

- Characterize soils to determine the nature and extent of contamination that resulted from previous activities;
- Assess the human-health and ecological risk posed by soil and soil vapors at the site;
- Evaluate whether site soils are contributing contaminants to groundwater beneath the site.

If the data indicate that the IR Site 31 is contributing contaminants to the areawide groundwater plume that exists beneath IR Site 31, then additional characterization may be required that is beyond the scope of work proposed in this DWP.

#### **GENERAL COMMENTS**

- A. There appears to be incomplete and inconsistent information with respect to previous investigations conducted at IR Site 31.
- Section 2.4 of the DWP states that data were collected at IR Site 31 during seven previous investigations.
  - Section 2.5 of the DWP states that five previous investigations included the collection of samples from IR Site 31.
  - Section 2.4.4 of Attachment A (Sampling and Analysis Plan [SAP]) lists 17 previous investigations that have been performed "at or around" IR Site 31.
  - Section 2.5 of Attachment A, states that four investigations have included the collection of samples at IR Site 31.

After reviewing these sections, it is not possible to determine which investigations performed "at or around" IR Site 31 yielded data that can be used qualitatively or quantitatively to develop the scope of work for the RI to be performed at IR Site 31. These inconsistencies must be resolved and a clear picture of previous investigations must be presented before GSU can concur with the sampling approach proposed in the DWP. Relevant analytical data from these investigations must be included on maps in the SAP.

#### **Recommendation**

**GSU requests that discussions of previous investigations in the DWP be consistent and inclusive of all previous data obtained from IR Site 31. These discussions should include groundwater data obtained from previous wells installed by ERM in 1987 and the status of these wells. GSU requests that the dates for the 17 previous investigations listed in the SAP be provided along with a reference for each. GSU also requests that data**

**from previous investigations be included on maps in the SAP (see General Comment C). Finally, GSU requests that lithologic, hydrogeologic, and chemical data from all previous investigations be evaluated, discussed, and presented in the DWP.**

- B. GSU does not agree that data gaps do not exist for indoor air. It appears that only limited indoor air sampling has been performed at IR Site 31. Indoor air samples were apparently collected at 30 of the 160 housing units at IR Site 31 in approximately 1993 when the houses were first built. It is the opinion of GSU that additional indoor air sampling should be performed at the residential housing units that exist over the areawide volatile organic compound (VOC) plume to determine whether any changes in indoor air concentrations have occurred over the past 12 years that may result in unacceptable risks. Groundwater conditions beneath the site have changed. It is possible that subsequent upward migration of vapors from groundwater has resulted in an accumulation of vapors beneath the building foundations that would result in higher indoor air concentrations with time. The best way to obtain reliable information regarding risks to on-site receptors is through the collection of periodic indoor air samples. GSU understands that the houses were built over a "vapor barrier." However, GSU questions how the barrier was designed and if it can be demonstrated that the integrity of this barrier has not diminished over time (see Specific Comment No. 11).

#### **Recommendation**

**GSU recommends that the Navy collect periodic indoor air samples from select homes located over the VOC plume at IR Site 31. These data can be compared to the indoor air concentrations estimated from the Johnson & Ettinger (J&E) modeling to serve as a check on the reliability of the modeling results.**

- C. GSU cannot concur with the proposed sampling locations for soil and groundwater presented in the DWP without further information. First of all, comprehensive maps of soil, soil gas, and groundwater data from previous investigations have not been included in the work plan (see General Comment A and Specific Comment No. 12). These maps are critical to determine where previous contamination has been found and where data gaps may exist. In addition, the rationale for the proposed soil and groundwater sampling locations is not adequately described or discussed (see Specific Comment Nos. 13 and 16).

### Recommendation

**GSU requests that the rationale for the spatial distribution of soil and groundwater sampling locations be discussed in greater detail in Section 4 of the SAP. Please include the analytical results from previous investigations and the locations of historical site features in determining proposed sample locations.**

### **SPECIFIC COMMENTS**

1. Section 1.1 – Purpose and Objectives and Attachment A, Section 1.2 – Investigation Objectives. These sections mention that the results of previous investigations indicate that polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) contamination is present at IR Site 31. It should also be noted that the results of earlier investigations (ERM 1987 and 1988) indicate the possible presence of metals contamination in soil as well. **Please include a reference to the ERM investigations in this section and briefly summarize the findings (see General Comment A).**
2. Section 1.1 – Purpose and Objectives and Attachment A, Section 1.2 – Investigation Objectives. The stated purpose of the RI in these sections does not include an assessment of ecological risks posed by the site. **Please add this component of the RI to these sections.**
3. Section 1.2 – Scope of the Remedial Investigation. It is stated that the scope of the RI is to define the nature and extent of non-PAH organics and inorganics in the soil within the IR Site 31 boundaries. However, previous investigations performed at IR Site 31 indicate that PAH contamination may be present. **GSU recommends that this section clarify that the RI will incorporate data from previous investigations to evaluate the nature and extent of PAH contamination, as well as non-PAH organics and inorganics. It should be stated that useable data from all previous investigations will be combined with data from this RI to evaluate human-health and ecological risks.**
4. Section 1.2 – Scope of the Remedial Investigation. **GSU requests another component be added to the scope of the RI which is to evaluate the fate and transport of contaminants in soil.**
5. Figure 1-2 – Site Location Map. GSU finds the legend on this figure to be misleading. The solid black line used to illustrate the IR site boundary only surrounds IR Site 25. **GSU recommends revising this figure to highlight IR Site 31. See also Figure 1-2 in Attachment A.**

6. Section 2.1 – Site Description and Attachment A, Section 2.2 – Site Description. It is unclear how it was determined that approximately 50 percent of IR Site 31 is “open space.” In viewing Figure 2-1, *Site Features Map*, it appears that the site is used almost entirely for residential housing. **Please clarify. Also, please add the outline of removed Warehouse 369 to the site features map and label removed buildings 172 and 369 on the map.**
7. Section 2.2 – Alameda Point Description and Site History and Attachment A, Section 2.2 – Site Description. **Please add the timeframe in which Building 172 and Warehouse 369 were demolished based on the aerial photograph review.**
8. Section 2.5.1 – Soil Sampling and Attachment A, Section 2.5.1 Soil Sampling. These sections do not state whether the two soil samples collected during the Environmental Baseline Survey (EBS) are considered usable for the RI. **Please clarify.**
9. Section 2.5.2 – Groundwater Sampling and Attachment A, Section 2.5.2- Groundwater Sampling. GSU questions why groundwater data from the prior ERM investigations (1987 and 1988) are not included in these sections. **Please include a discussion of these data and whether or not they are considered useable for the purposes of this RI.**
10. Section 2.5.2 – Groundwater Sampling and Attachment A, Section 2.5.2 Groundwater Sampling. These sections state that quarterly groundwater sampling as part of the basewide monitoring program included three wells on IR Site 31 since 2002. In the following sentence it is stated that in 2004, there were a total of six monitoring wells on-site that were sampled for VOCs as part of the ongoing quarterly basewide monitoring program. This statement references *Shaw 2003*. (Please note that *Shaw 2003* is not provided in the reference list for the work plan.) Based on a review of Table 4-3 in the SAP, it appears that three new monitoring wells were installed at IR Site 31 in May 2004. **Please clarify the information regarding the installation and sampling of these new wells. Please also provide a reference for this information.**
11. Section 2.5.4 – Indoor Air Sampling, and Attachment A, Section 2.5.4 - Indoor Air Sampling. GSU disagrees that the summary of data and past evaluations of indoor air presented in these sections are sufficient to conclude that there is no data gap that needs to be addressed for indoor air. It is stated in these sections that, at the time of indoor air sample collection, the units were newly constructed. The housing units at IR Site 31 were constructed in approximately 1993. GSU questions whether these were the only indoor air samples historically collected from homes located over the VOC plume at IR Site 31. Since the upward migration of contaminant vapors from groundwater may have resulted in the

subsequent accumulation of vapors beneath the building foundations at IR Site 31, it is possible that indoor air concentrations may have increased with time. In addition, based on the discussion of MTBE results in indoor air samples collected in the North Housing, GSU questions whether seasonal sampling of indoor air should be performed. **GSU recommends that the Navy collect periodic indoor air samples from select homes located over the VOC plume at IR Site 31 (see General Comment B).**

It is also stated in this section that vapor migration from groundwater is unlikely because the Marina Village housing units were constructed with vapor barriers. **Please clarify why vapor barriers were determined to be necessary, how the vapor barriers were designed, and whether it can be demonstrated that the barriers have remained intact and will continue to remain intact given the nature of the subsurface fill materials at IR Site 31 and potential for subsidence.**

12. Attachment A, Section 2.4 – Previous Investigations at IR Site 31. Two figures referenced in this section are missing from the DWP. The two missing figures were intended to present the analytical results of previous soil gas, soil, and groundwater samples collected at IR Site 31. **Please include figures summarizing the analytical results of previous soil gas, soil, and groundwater sampling. GSU cannot evaluate the adequacy of the proposed sampling approach without a spatial representation of the sample results from all previous investigations (see General Comments A and C).**
13. Attachment A, Section 4.1.1 – Soil Sampling and Analysis. The rationale for the proposed soil boring locations is not explained. It is not clear why 15 of the 50 proposed soil borings are planned to be located immediately adjacent to previous locations and why a modified sampling grid is proposed for the remaining 35 soil borings. Also, GSU questions whether the locations of former Warehouse 369 and Building 172 were used in scoping the investigation and selecting sample locations. It appears that several soil borings are proposed within the footprint of the former warehouse. Finally, it is the opinion of GSU that samples should be collected along the eastern site boundary, adjacent to the former DRMO scrapyard, to determine if contamination has migrated from this area to IR Site 31. **Please clarify the rationale for the proposed soil sampling locations. Please also clarify how it was determined that the proposed sampling grid is sufficient to adequately characterize the nature and extent of chemicals in soil at the site for the purposes of the risk assessment. GSU requests that the locations of former buildings at the site and the DRMO scrapyard, immediately east of the site, be considered in designing the sampling strategy.**

14. Section 4.1.2 – Groundwater Sampling and Analyses. It is the opinion of GSU that all available data from the basewide groundwater monitoring program for IR Site 31 wells should be used to assess consistency with the areawide plume, not just data from the 2004 quarterly sampling as proposed. **Please consider using all historical groundwater data available for the site to evaluate whether a site-specific release of contamination has occurred.**
15. Section 4.1.2 – Groundwater Sampling and Analyses. This section refers to portions of the aquifer beneath IR Site 31 that occur above and below a “silty clay interbed.” GSU questions how it was determined that a silty clay interbed exists beneath IR Site 31. **Please clarify.**
16. Section 4.1.2 – Groundwater Sampling and Analyses. The rationale for the 10 proposed discrete groundwater sample locations is not presented or discussed. **Please include rationale for the 10 proposed discrete groundwater sample locations and describe how data from these locations will be sufficient to determine whether there has been a chemical release to groundwater that is unique to IR Site 31. Also, since groundwater samples are to be used as input for the J&E model, a certain number of groundwater samples should be collected from areas where the highest concentrations of VOCs are expected to occur and should not be collected from low permeability materials that will result in a high degree of volatile losses.**
17. Section 5.1 – Field Methods and Procedures. **Please include a subsection to describe the methods and procedures that will be used for the collection of discrete groundwater samples.**

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (510) 540-3926 or via e-mail at [mdalrymp@dtsc.ca.gov](mailto:mdalrymp@dtsc.ca.gov).